

NGSS and Outdoor Education

*A Toolkit for K-5 Teachers and
Administrators in Central Oregon*

CHILDREN'S
FOREST



CENTRAL
OREGON



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Background



Central Oregon and its amazing array of beautiful rivers, bountiful snowpack, diverse vegetation, and fascinating geology gives teachers and students unlimited opportunities for using the natural world as an outdoor classroom. Studies have shown that learning in the outdoors can increase enthusiasm for learning, promote teamwork, build social and emotional skills, and even increase standardized test scores.

The new [Next Generation Science Standards](#) (NGSS) advocate for three-dimensional learning, which is good news for outdoor and environmental education. First, all grade levels have an emphasis on understanding the impacts humans have on Earth's systems as well as the connections among living things and the environment. Second, a number of the scientific practices, disciplinary core ideas, and crosscutting concepts in NGSS can be more effectively addressed through exploration and investigation of the natural world than in the classroom. With the implementation of NGSS happening in school districts across Oregon, now is a great time to build outdoor education into your curriculum.

In 2011, CFCO was created to introduce and engage all students in Central Oregon to the wonder, science, and adventure of nature. One of our primary objectives is to provide all youth first-hand connections with nature by providing meaningful, inspirational, and interdisciplinary education programs. Together our network of partners offer over 30 different outdoor education programs that connect students to nature, engage students in science practices, and deliver content knowledge about local natural resources issues.

Goal of this Document

The Children's Forest of Central Oregon and our partners have developed this document to:

1. Provide teachers information about how outdoor education programs align with NGSS
2. Provide teachers and administrators a tool for creating a thoughtful, sequenced, and equitable series of outdoor education programs from Kindergarten through 5th grade
3. Provide teachers ideas and resources to engage students in deeper learning about life science, earth science, and environmental issues that compliments outdoor education programs
4. Establish a "bucket list" of outdoor experiences that every student in Central Oregon should experience

Guiding Principles and Beliefs

- **Teacher's Choice.** Teachers should have a breadth of outdoor education programs to choose from, but choices should be informed by thoughtful alignment to NGSS.
- **Scaffolding Learning.** With so many opportunities, the series of outdoor education programs that students experience should build upon each other, not replicate each other. Teachers should work together to provide a thoughtful progression of experiences for students across grade levels.
- **Providing Equitable Experiences.** Outdoor education programs should be offered equitably within grade levels at schools and also across schools and communities. Students at different schools might not be participating in the exact same programs, but their experiences should be comparable and age-appropriate.
- **Depth over Breadth.** Modeled after the [Oregon Environmental Literacy Program](#) (OELP), you will not find an exhaustive list of every opportunity to learn outdoors while addressing NGSS. Instead, we promote the best practice of utilizing essential questions to encourage a depth learning about each concept. We have identified what we feel are the most tangible ways to address NGSS and promote outdoor learning and environmental literacy in students.



The “Bucket List” for Outdoor Education in Central Oregon (K-5th)

Central Oregon’s communities, school districts, and schools are all so unique. While we want every student to grow up connecting to the outdoors through educational experiences, we recognize that it is impossible for these experiences to be the same for every student. However, we do feel that there are some key experiences that every student growing up in Central Oregon should experience. Here’s our list:

Experience

Get to know their schoolyard, nearby park, or natural areas and the diversity of life they hold

Programs/Activities

- Children’s Forest NatureHoods Program
- Plant Detectives or Habitat Explorers with The Environmental Center
- See Grade Level Pages for tons of ideas for schoolyard exploration and learning



Experience an up-close encounter with wildlife to learn about adaptations

- Wildlife classes at High Desert Museum or Sunriver Nature Center
- Travelling Trunk program with Sunriver Nature Center



Reflect streamside at one of our beautiful rivers and streams and learn about what it means to be a steward of our watersheds

- The Upstream Project and Student Stewardship Projects with Upper Deschutes Watershed Council
- Spring-fed Rivers Stewardship Program with Trout Unlimited



Understand the importance of fire in Central Oregon

- Fired Up! at High Desert Museum
- Outdoor School at Camp Tamarack
- Changing Cycles with The Environmental Center



Discover the outdoors in winter time

- Project SNOW at Mt. Bachelor with Discover Your Forest
- Check out snowshoes from The Children’s Forest’s Resource Co-op



Attend Outdoor School

- Camp Tamarack offers a 3-day Outdoor School Program
- Other programs are available state-wide



How to Use the Document



Grade Level Guides

Each grade level has a two-page guide for incorporating outdoor learning into NGSS. We believe that outdoor education programs should be just part of a unit of study, and that deeper learning of topics and questions should occur in the classroom as well as in the schoolyard or nearby natural areas. As such, for each grade we've focused on two to three NGSS Performance Expectations where classroom learning can be greatly enhanced by outdoor exploration and investigation. For each Performance Expectation, the guide proposes an "essential question" that helps provide focus and coherence for units of study.

In addition to essential questions, page 1 of each grade level guide provides a handful of schoolyard activities that align with NGSS and the suggested essential questions as well as ideas for incorporating math, english-language arts, social studies, and art. Page 2 of the Grade Level Guides lists the Outdoor Education Programs available in Central Oregon that align with NGSS for that grade level. Programs may be listed under more than one grade level when there is strong alignment to NGSS for those grade levels. It is essential that schools work together to create a thoughtful sequence of programs that don't replicate each other (see Outdoor Learning Map below).

IMPORTANT NOTE: Organizations may offer programs to more grade levels than are listed in this guide. In an effort to reduce duplication across grade levels, we've listed programs where we feel there is the strongest alignment to NGSS Performance Expectations.

Creating an Outdoor Learning Map for your School

Below is a suggested approach for how schools might use this guide to create a thoughtful, sequenced, and equitable series of outdoor learning opportunities for their students using the Outdoor Learning Map.

Step 1:

Establish a team of leaders with representation from each grade level band. This team should collectively create a vision for the school in regards to outdoor learning and consider questions such as:

- *What are our priorities for outdoor learning for our students?*
- *Do we want to ensure that all students participate in all the experiences on the "Bucket List"?*
- *Is there anything else we believe our students should experience?*
- *What assets do we have in our schoolyard, neighboring parks, or nearby natural areas?*
- *Has there been any conflicts or duplication in the past related to outdoor learning that we need to address?*

Step 2:

Grade level teams meet to review the Grade Level Guides and identify priorities for units of study and outdoor education programs that align with these units. We recommend prioritizing 1-2 field trips that can be landmark events throughout the schoolyear and planning complimentary schoolyard (or other teacher-led) activities that promote a greater depth of learning for these topics.

Step 3:

Grade level teams share their priorities with the school. Schools may utilize the Outdoor Learning Map (page 19) to create a visual for their school's sequence of outdoor learning experiences. Discuss and resolve any conflicts that arise that might cause duplication, rather than scaffolding learning.



Kindergarten

Essential Questions

- What do plants and animals (including humans) need to live in their environment? ([K-LS1-1](#), [K-ESS3-1](#))
- How can plants and animals (including humans) change the environment to meet their needs? ([K-ESS2-2](#))
- What can we do to reduce the impact of humans on our local environment? ([K-ESS3-3](#))

Schoolyard/Classroom Activity Ideas

- “Guided” free time outside – give students one item or set of items to look for outside
- Lay the foundation for outdoor learning with sit spots or sensory awareness skills
- Identify aspects of the environment that have been changed by plants and animals (i.e. bird nest, hole in a tree, rock cracked by tree roots, etc.)
- Identify sources of basic needs in your schoolyard for different species
- Maintain sources of basic needs in your schoolyard (make bird feeders to provide food or birdbaths to provide water, make bat boxes or bird houses for shelter)
- Have students identify which areas of the school yard are most impacted by humans, then brainstorm ways to reduce these impacts

Lessons and Resources

- NatureHoods Curriculum - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- CFCO K-1st Curriculum Kit - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- [Project WILD](#) – Beautiful Basics, Everybody Needs a Home, Habitacks, What’s That, Habitat?
- [Project Learning Tree](#) – The Shape of Things, Sounds Around, Get in Touch with Trees, Trees as Habitats
- [Growing Up Wild](#) – What’s Wild?, Who Lives in a Tree?

Interdisciplinary Connections

| MATH | ELA | SOCIAL STUDIES | ART |
|--|--|---|--|
| Count different habitat features in the schoolyard (number of trees, cones or berries for food, etc.) | Compose informative texts using drawing, dictating, or writing that describe the human impacts in the schoolyard | Compare the habitat of the schoolyard to that of the students’ homes or other locations | Draw the sources for the basic needs of a specific species |
| Find natural items that represent different numbers (i.e. flower with 5 petals, pine needle clusters of 3, etc.) | Label parts of a picture of a habitat as “food”, “water”, “shelter” and space | Distinguish between the things we may want and the basic needs all living things have | Use natural things collected by students (leaves, bark, etc.) to make a picture of a “perfect” habitat |



Kindergarten - Outdoor Education Programs

| PROGRAM | ORGANIZATION | NGSS PE | | | SCIENCE & ENGINEERING PRACTICE | DISCIPLINARY CORE IDEA | CROSSCUTTING CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | K-LS1-1 | K-ESS3-1 | K-ESS3-3 | | | | |
| NatureHoods – “Bear” Necessities | Children’s Forest of Central Oregon | ** | * | | Investigation | LS1.C, ESS3.A | Patterns | Wildlife tracking, habitat needs game and investigation, habitat survey of trees and logs, habitat mapping activity |
| The Upstream Project | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | ** | ** | ** | Models | LS1.C, ESS3.A, ESS3.C | Systems, Cause and Effect | Healthy stream feature model, macroinvertebrate investigation, structure and function of stream organisms, discussion of human impacts on streams, pollution model |
| Student Stewardship Project | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | | | ** | Designing Solutions | ESS3.C | Systems, Cause and Effect | Riparian planting or noxious weed pull to improve riparian habitat |
| Life In Cold Blood | Sunriver Nature Center | ** | * | | Arguing from Evidence | LS1.C, ESS3.A | Patterns | Presentation about what different herps need to survive, live observation of native reptiles and amphibians, observation of herp habitats |
| Birds of Prey | Sunriver Nature Center | * | ** | | Arguing from Evidence | LS1.C, ESS3.A | Systems | Presentation about what different birds of prey need to survive, live observation of native raptors, observation of raptor habitats |
| Life in a Pond | Sunriver Nature Center | * | ** | * | Arguing from Evidence | LS1.C, ESS3.A | Systems | Aquatic invertebrate investigation, live observation of amphibians, presentation about the organisms in pond ecosystems and their needs for survival |
| H2O Aquatic Insects | High Desert Museum | ** | ** | ** | Models | LS1.C, ESS3.A, ESS3.C | Systems | Macroinvertebrate investigation, metamorphosis game, identification of insect parts, designing a bug, discussion of human impacts on streams |

* addresses the performance expectation, but is not the primary focus of the program

** the performance expectation is the primary focus of the program

1st Grade

Essential Questions

- What are some ways plants and animals meet their needs so they can grow and survive? ([1-LS1-1](#))
- How are plants and animals similar or different from their offspring? ([1-LS3-1](#))
- How does the amount of daylight change with the time of year? ([1-ESS1-2](#))

Schoolyard/Classroom Activity Ideas

- Have each student “adopt-a-plant” in the schoolyard, draw or describe it’s adaptations, and discuss how their adaptations help it grow and survive in Central Oregon
- Design a plant or animal that could grow and survive in the schoolyard or other habitat
- Observe young and old plants of the same species and record similarities and differences
- Use sundials or trace shadows of students to make observations about how the sun moves through the sky throughout the day
- Go outside at the same time of day and mark or make note of how high the sun is above the horizon. Repeat this weekly or monthly to show how the height of the sun changes throughout the year

Lessons and Resources

- NatureHoods Curriculum - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- CFCO K-1st Curriculum Kit - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- Wildlife Tracking Kit (CFCO Resource Co-op) – selection of skulls to observe adaptations
- [Growing Up Wild](#) – Ants on Parade, Spider Web Wonders, Hiding in Plain Sight
- [Project Learning Tree](#) – Looking at Leaves, Tree Factory, To Be a Tree
- Sundial lessons - http://www.eyeonthesky.org/lessonplans/14sun_sundials.html, <https://www.crayola.com/lesson-plans/human-sundial-lesson-plan/>

Interdisciplinary Connections

| MATH | ELA | SOCIAL STUDIES | ART |
|---|---|---|---|
| Measure the size of parts (leaves, stem, seeds, etc.) of young and old plants of the same species | Read texts about biomimicry and write about ways that humans have solved problems based on animal adaptations | Explain how seasonal changes (i.e. amount of sunlight) influence activities in the school and community | Draw or create a sculpture of an animal that could survive in a given environment |
| Measure the length of shadows using a sundial at different times of day | | Compare the ways that people in the past and present tell time | Use sidewalk chalk to trace shadows at different times of day and decorate them |



1st Grade - Outdoor Education Programs

| PROGRAM | ORGANIZATION | NGSS PE | | | SCIENCE & ENGINEERING PRACTICE | DISCIPLINARY CORE IDEA | CROSSCUTTING CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| | | 1-LS1-1 | 1-LS3-1 | 1-ESS1-2 | | | | |
| NatureHoods – Roots and Tails | Children's Forest of Central Oregon | ** | | | Investigation | LS1.A | Structure and Function | Adaptation scavenger hunt, plant/leaf observation, animal skull/track investigation, bird calls and bird beak activities |
| The Up-stream Project | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | | * | | Investigation | LS3.A | Structure and Function | Macroinvertebrate investigation, observation of structure and function of aquatic organisms, interactive game studying life cycles |
| Plant Detectives Outdoor Day | The Environmental Center | ** | * | | Models | LS1.A, LS3.A | Patterns, Structure and Function | Seed investigation and modeling, modeling the structure and function of parts of a tree, observing life stages of trees, exploratory hike observing patterns in nature |
| H2O Aquatic Insects | High Desert Museum | | * | | Models | LS3.A | Patterns | Macroinvertebrate investigation, life cycle activity, metamorphosis game, identification of insect parts |
| Batty About Bats | High Desert Museum | ** | * | | Models | LS1.C, ESS3.A | Systems | Presentation about the types of bats, how scientists study the health of a bat, life cycles of bats, bat adaptations, echolocation games, build and explore a bat cave, conduct a bat count |
| Reptiles and Amphibians | High Desert Museum | ** | * | | Analyzing Data | LS1.C, ESS3.A, ESS3.C | Patterns | Live observation of reptiles and amphibians, compare and contrast adaptations, habitat inquiry activity, hands-on activity about human impacts on reptiles and amphibians |
| Nature's Innovations | High Desert Museum | ** | | | Designing Solutions | LS1.A | Structure and Function | Students will utilize engineering skills to design solutions to a problem, modeled after designs in nature |
| Wild Weather | High Desert Museum | | | * | Models | ESS2.D | Patterns | Hands-on experiments about storms, lightning, and high and low pressure systems |

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** the performance expectation is the primary focus of the program

2nd Grade

Essential Questions

- What is diversity in an environment and why is it important? How does the diversity of plants and animals compare among different habitats? ([2-LS4-1](#))
- What role do animals play in seed dispersal or pollinating plants? ([2-LS2-2](#))
- How does land change and what are some things that cause it to change? ([2-ESS2-1](#))

Schoolyard/Classroom Activity Ideas

- Go on a “Schoolyard Safari” and count how many types of different plants and animals you can find (or focus on one group, like trees)
- Compare the diversity between two habitats, like wet and dry areas
- Do a seed search of your schoolyard and make predictions about how they are dispersed
- Make observations of flowers in the spring and how many or what types of pollinators visit them
- Record class data on [Project Budburst](#) about when plants are flowering
- Survey the schoolyard (or local streams) for evidence of how wind and water has changed the land and design solutions for reducing erosion

Lessons and Resources

- NatureHoods Curriculum - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- CFCO 2nd-3rd grade Curriculum Kit - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- Stream Tables (CFCO Resource Co-op)
- [Project WILD](#) - Schoolyard Safari
- [Project Learning Tree](#) – The Forest of S.T. Shrew, Forest, Field, and Stream
- [Project Budburst](#), [Budburst Buddies](#)
- Finding Erosion in Our Schoolyard - <http://ngss.nsta.org/Resource.aspx?ResourceID=391>

Interdisciplinary Connections

| MATH | ELA | SOCIAL STUDIES | ART |
|---|--|---|---|
| Measure seeds or patches of erosion using standard length units | Produce a report about a local plant or animal after reading a number of books | Identify ways that students can have an impact on their local community, including plants and animals | Sketch examples of seeds found in the schoolyard, or design a seed that can be dispersed by animals |
| Create a bar graph of the number of types of plants and animals in the schoolyard | Record observations in writing about the differences between two habitats or evidence of erosion in the schoolyard | Practice making maps using the schoolyard | Create a map of the schoolyard and where erosion occurs |



2nd Grade - Outdoor Education Programs

| PROGRAM | ORGANIZATION | NGSS PE | | | | | SCIENCE & ENGINEERING PRACTICE | DISCIPLINARY CORE IDEA | CROSSCUTTING CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | 2-LS2-2 | 2-LS4-1 | 2-ESS1-1 | 2-ESS2-1 | 2-ESS2-2 | | | | |
| NatureHoods – Plants and Pollinators | Children's Forest of Central Oregon | ** | ** | | | | Investigation, Models | LS2.A, LS4.D | Structure and Function | Adaptation scavenger hunt, pollinator habitat investigation, pollination and migration games, seed investigation, milkweed planting, citizen science |
| Plants and Pollinators | Discover Your Forest | ** | ** | | | | Investigation, Models | LS2.A, LS4.D | Structure and Function | Comparative study of two habitats and the diversity of pollinators, observation of flowers and insect anatomy, |
| Habitat Explorers Outdoor Day | The Environmental Center | * | ** | | | | Investigation | LS2.A, LS4.D | Cause and Effect | Investigate the biodiversity of different habitats, observe adaptations in different environments, games modeling seed dispersal and camouflage |
| Upstream Project | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | Investigation, Models | LS4.D, ESS2.A, ESS2.C | Stability and Change, Systems | Stream and riparian habitat scavenger hunt, macroinvertebrate investigation, hands-on models of stream behavior and watersheds, water cycle simulation |
| Student Stewardship Project | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | | | | ** | | Designing Solutions | | Stability and Change, Systems | Riparian planting or noxious weed pull to improve riparian habitat |
| H2O Aquatic Insects | High Desert Museum | ** | ** | | | | Investigation | LS4.D | Systems | Macroinvertebrate investigation, metamorphosis game, identification of insect parts, stream health survey |
| Reptiles and Amphibians | High Desert Museum | ** | ** | | | | Analyzing Data | LS4.D | Systems | Live observation of reptiles and amphibians, compare and contrast adaptations and habitat, habitat inquiry activity |
| Desert Dwellers | High Desert Museum | ** | ** | | | | Investigation | LS4.D | Systems | Comparative study of the plants and animals of four different habitats |
| Erosion! | High Desert Museum | | | ** | ** | ** | Investigation, Models | ESS2.A | Stability and Change, Systems | Stream tables models to learn about weathering and erosion, observation of landforms and how they change over time. |

* addresses the performance expectation, but is not the primary focus of the program

** the performance expectation is the primary focus of the program

3rd Grade

Essential Questions

- How do the characteristics of a species help it survive? ([3-LS4-3](#))
- What happens to organisms when their environment changes? ([3-LS4-4](#))
- What are similarities and differences between the life cycles of different organisms? ([3-LS1-1](#))

Schoolyard/Classroom Activity Ideas

- Research a local animal to learn about their characteristics, observe the habitat around your school, and develop a hypothesis if the animal could survive there
- Play the “thicket game” to explore how camouflage and the environment are connected
- Investigate an area that has experienced recent change to the environment (development, fire, etc.) and develop an argument for how has the change impacted organisms that live or lived there
- Create habitat for wildlife, birds, or insects (bird houses, feeders, pollinator habitat) at your school and observe changes in the organisms found in your schoolyard
- Study the life cycles of several different types of plants to see how they are similar and different

Lessons and Resources

- CFCO 2nd-3rd grade Curriculum Kit - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- Cornell Lab of Ornithology [Habitat Connections Curriculum](#) – included in CFCO’s Birding Kit
- [Project WILD](#) - Thicket Game
- National Wildlife Federation’s – <http://www.nwf.org/Garden-For-Wildlife/Create/Schoolyards.aspx>
- NSTA’s Outdoor Science: A Practical Guide – Animal Habitat Survey and How Birds React to Environmental Change - included in CFCO’s Birding Kit
- [Project Budburst](#), [Budburst Buddies](#)

Interdisciplinary Connections

| MATH | ELA | SOCIAL STUDIES | ART |
|--|--|--|---|
| Create scaled bar graphs that show the number and kinds of species in different habitats | Write a story about an environmental change and how it impacts different organisms | Identify how people or other living things might be affected by an event, issue or problem | Draw or map the ideal habitat for a particular organism |
| Practice measuring lengths of different plant parts | Write a report about an animal species, it’s characteristics, and it’s ideal habitat | Identify how people have adapted to and have changed the environment | Draw the life cycle of a plant or animal |



3rd Grade - Outdoor Education Programs

| PROGRAM | ORGANIZATION | NGSS PE | | | | | SCIENCE & ENGINEERING PRACTICE | DISCIPLINARY CORE IDEA | CROSSCUTTING CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | 3-LS1-1 | 3-LS4-2 | 3-LS4-3 | 3-LS4-4 | 3-ESS3-1 | | | | |
| Changing Cycles Outdoor Day | The Environmental Center | | | ** | ** | | Analyzing Data | LS2.C | Cause and Effect | Investigation about the impacts of environmental change (fire, disease, invasive species) on biodiversity, mapping of forest and environmental changes |
| Life in Cold Blood | Sunriver Nature Center | * | * | ** | | | Arguing from Evidence | LS4.C | Patterns | Presentation and observation of adaptations of different herps and their environments |
| Life in a Pond | Sunriver Nature Center | ** | | * | | | Models | LS1.B | Systems | Presentation about the lifecycles of freshwater insects and amphibians, live observation of aquatic invertebrates and amphibians |
| The Upstream Project | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | | * | ** | ** | ** | Investigation, Designing Solutions | LS2.C, LS4.C, LS4.D | Cause and Effect | Stream and riparian habitat scavenger hunts, macroinvertebrate investigation and data analysis about stream health, study of human impacts on stream organisms, games about fish migration and human impacts, optional riparian planting |
| Stream-fed Rivers Stewardship | Trout Unlimited | | | ** | ** | | Designing Solutions | LS2.C, LS4.C, LS4.D | Cause and Effect | Service-learning program with observation/ investigation of riparian areas and human impacts to streams, journaling, discussion about potential solutions to human impacts, and hands-on restoration project |
| Project SNOW | Discover Your Forest | | ** | ** | ** | | Investigation | LS4.C, LS4.D | Systems | Snow pit analysis and learning about the connections between snowpack and plants/ animals, winter camouflage game, investigating winter tracks, study of winter homes/ shelter |
| Desert Dwellers | High Desert Museum | | | ** | ** | | Investigation | LS2.C, LS4.C | Systems | Comparative study of the plants and animals of four different habitats |

* addresses the performance expectation, but is not the primary focus of the program

** the performance expectation is the primary focus of the program

4th Grade

Essential Questions

- How do internal and external structures support the survival, growth, behavior and reproduction of plants and animals? ([4-LS1-1](#))
- How has earth’s landscape changed over time? ([4-ESS1-1](#))
- How do natural forces cause landscape changes? ([4-ESS2-1](#))
- How does the use of natural resources affect people and the environment? ([4-ESS3-1](#))

Schoolyard/Classroom Activity Ideas

- Take hand lenses out into the school yard or local park to have students explore the different inner and outer structures of plants/bug/feathers/etc. and collect flowers/fruits/seeds to dissect
- Make observations of wildlife (bird beaks, fur/feather color, etc.) and construct arguments for how their structures help them survive
- Use stream tables to simulate and investigate the effects of water, wind, and ice on the landscape and explore how slope and other factors affect erosion
- Research local dams or biomass energy sources and learn about their impacts on the environment

Lessons and Resources

- CFCO 4th-5th grade Curriculum Kit - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- [Project WILD](#) – Seeing is Believing
- [Project Learning Tree](#) – Tree Factory
- [Bird Beak Buffet](#)
- [Project Budburst](#) – [Operation Flower Dissection](#), [Root Roundup](#)
- [There Goes the Schoolyard](#)
- Stream Tables and Soil Studies Kit – CFCO Resource Co-op

Interdisciplinary Connections

| MATH | ELA | SOCIAL STUDIES | ART |
|---|--|--|---|
| Recognize and draw a line of symmetry across diagrams of animals’ bodies Express measurements of areas affected by erosion in a larger unit in terms of a smaller unit | Write an opinion piece with supporting evidence on which type of energy source is least impactful to the environment Conduct a short research project on landforms in Central Oregon and how they were formed | Identify conflicts involving use of land, natural resources, economy, and competition for scarce resources Explain how people in Oregon have modified their environment and how the environment has influenced people’s lives | Draw a magnified view of different parts of a plant or organism Create a map of areas of the schoolyard or nearby park that experience erosion |



4th Grade - Outdoor Education Programs (page 1)

| PROGRAM | ORGANIZATION | NGSS PE | | | | | SCIENCE & ENGINEERING PRACTICE | DISCIPLINARY CORE IDEA | CROSSCUTTING CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | | 4-LS1-1 | 4-LS1-2 | 4-ESS1-1 | 4-ESS2-1 | 4-ESS3-1 | | | | |
| Project SNOW | Discover Your Forest | ** | ** | ** | | | Arguing from Evidence | LS1.A, ESS1.C | Systems, Patterns | Observation of plant/animal adaptations for high elevation environment, investigation about origin of the Cascades |
| Lava Lands Tours | Discover Your Forest | ** | | ** | | | Arguing from Evidence | LS1.A, ESS1.C | Systems, Patterns | Observation of plant/animal adaptations for multiple environments, observation of rock types |
| Upstream Project/ Stewardship Project | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | | | | ** | ** | Investigation, Models | ESS2.A, ESS3.A | Cause and Effect | Build models using stream tables to study watershed formation and erosion, investigation of health of riparian zones, data collection on water quality, study of impacts of dams on fish habitat and river systems |
| Stream-fed Rivers Stewardship | Trout Unlimited | | | | ** | ** | Designing Solutions | ESS2.A, ESS3.B | Cause and Effect | Service-learning program with observation/ investigation of riparian areas and human impacts to streams, journaling, discussion about potential solutions to human impacts, and hands-on restoration project |
| Life in Cold Blood | Sunriver Nature Center | ** | | | | | Arguing from Evidence | LS1.A | Structure and Function | Presentation about the anatomical structures unique to herps and their function in various environments, observation of life herps and their habitat |
| Birds of Prey | Sunriver Nature Center | | ** | | | | Arguing from Evidence | LS1.D | Systems | Presentation about the importance of raptor's senses on their ecological niche, observation of live raptors and their habitat |
| Life in a Pond | Sunriver Nature Center | ** | | | | | Arguing from Evidence | LS1.A | Systems | Presentation about the adaptations of freshwater animals and their specialized structures, observation of live amphibians and aquatic invertebrates |
| Desert Waters | High Desert Museum | | | | ** | | Models | ESS2.A | Cause and Effect | Build models using stream tables to study erosion and deposition, watershed activity, design solutions to erosion |

4th Grade - Outdoor Education Programs (page 2)

| PROGRAM | ORGANIZATION | NGSS PE | | | | | SCIENCE & ENGINEERING PRACTICE | DISCIPLINARY CORE IDEA | CROSSCUTTING CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | | 4-LS1-1 | 4-LS1-2 | 4-ESS1-1 | 4-ESS2-1 | 4-ESS3-1 | | | | |
| Rockin Geology | High Desert Museum | | | ** | | | Models | ESS1.C | Patterns | Presentation and activities about rock types, volcanoes, and local geologic landscape |
| Birds of Prey | High Desert Museum | ** | | | | Arguing from Evidence | LS1.A | Systems | Comparison activity of raptors vs non-raptors, owl pellet dissection, study of bird eggs, live animal | |
| Rock and Roll Outdoor Day | The Environmental Center | | | | ** | Investigations, Models | ESS2.A | Patterns, Cause and Effect | Build models using stream tables to study erosion and deposition, active games about erosion, observation and designing solutions to mitigate the effects of erosion and flooding, building models about Earth's processes | |
| Kokanee Karnival | Kokanee Karnival Youth Education Program | ** | * | | | Investigations, Models | LS1.A, ESS2.A, ESS3.A | Systems, Structure and Function | Water quality testing, stream flow measurement, fish dissection, life cycle game, promoting safe and responsible angling and community stewardship. | |
| Traveling the Oregon Trail | High Desert Museum | Addresses Social Studies standards | | | | | | | | Students learn about geography and critical decision-making skills, while simulating an experience on the Oregon Trail |

* addresses the performance expectation, but is not the primary focus of the program

** the performance expectation is the primary focus of the program

5th Grade

Essential Questions

- How does matter cycle through the environment? ([5-LS2-1](#), [5-PS3-1](#))
- Where do plants get what they need for growth? ([5-LS1-1](#))
- How do Earth’s systems interact and affect one another? ([5-ESS2-1](#))
- How can humans use science to protect the Earth’s resources and environment? ([5-ESS3-1](#))

Schoolyard/Classroom Activity Ideas

- Create a food web of organisms in their schoolyard and identify them as producers, primary consumers, secondary consumers, or decomposers
- Research plants in the schoolyard to learn about their needs for sun, water, and nutrients
- Find examples of the geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and atmosphere in the schoolyard
- Investigate different soils throughout the schoolyard and how they impact the types of plants that can be found
- Design a plan for improving your schoolyard or nearby natural area so that it protects Earth’s resources

Lessons and Resources

- CFCO 4th-5th grade Curriculum Kit - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- Sharing Water Video and Curriculum - childrensforestco.org/curriculum
- [Oregon Forests Resources Institute](#) – Lessons Plans (Web of Life, Forests and Water, The Nature of Trees, etc.)
- [Oregon Forests Resources Institute](#) – learnforests.org – Forest Fact Breaks (Photosynthesis, Ecosystems, Sustainability, etc.)
- [Project Learning Tree](#) – We Can Work It Out, Nature’s Recyclers, Soil Stories, Web of Life
- Children’s Forest Resource Co-op – Plant Studies, Wildlife Tracking, Birding, Soil Studies Kits
- Children’s Forest [NatureHoods Project](#) funding

Interdisciplinary Connections

| MATH | ELA | SOCIAL STUDIES | ART |
|---|--|--|--|
| Measure and record soil percolation (time for water to drain/be absorbed) | Create a presentation that incorporates multimedia components to display the schoolyard food web Write a mock newspaper article documenting an action the community has taken to protect local resources or the environment | Identify characteristics of a local environmental problem, suggesting possible causes and results Propose a response or solution to a local environmental problem and support why it makes sense, using support from research | Draw a food web using detailed drawings of organisms and abiotic factors Draw an example of how humans have made a positive impact on the local environment |



5th Grade - Outdoor Education Programs

| PROGRAM | ORGANIZATION | NGSS PE | | | | | SCIENCE & ENGINEERING PRACTICE | DISCIPLINARY CORE IDEA | CROSSCUTTING CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | | 5-PS3-1 | 5-LS1-1 | 5-LS2-1 | 5-ESS2-1 | 5-ESS3-1 | | | | |
| Outdoor School | Camp Tamarack | ** | * | ** | | * | Investigation, Models | LS2.A, LS2.B, ESS3.C | Systems, Energy and Matter | Design a model of the web of life, learn about plants needs for life, investigate the impacts of fire on forests, study water quality, and design solutions to restore a nearby lake |
| Fired Up! | High Desert Museum | | | | ** | ** | Models, Investigation | ESS2.A, ESS3.C | Systems | Build a forest model to investigate the effects density and slope on fire behavior, fire triangle activities, forest survey in burned and unburned areas, tree ring study, observation of plant adaptations to fire |
| Upstream Project/ Stewardship Project | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | | | | * | ** | Investigation, Designing Solutions | ESS3.C | Systems | Water quality data collection, riparian area transects, restoration project analysis, discussion of influence of geography, climate, and biosphere on local watersheds, optional student stewardship project |
| Stream-fed Rivers Stewardship | Trout Unlimited | | | | * | ** | Designing Solutions | LS2.A, ESS3.C | Systems | Service-learning program with observation/ investigation of riparian areas and human impacts to streams, journaling, discussion about potential solutions to human impacts, and hands-on restoration project |
| Birds of Prey | Sunriver Nature Center | ** | | ** | | | Arguing from Evidence | LS2.A | Systems | Presentation about raptors' roles as apex predators and their role in the food web, observation of live raptors and their habitat |
| Life in a Pond | Sunriver Nature Center | ** | | ** | | | Models | LS2.A | Energy and Matter, Systems | Presentation about the food chains and food webs in freshwater ecosystems, observation of live amphibians and aquatic invertebrates |
| Moving through the Chain | The Environmental Center | ** | * | ** | | | Models | LS2.A, LS2.B | Energy and Matter, Systems | Develop models of food chains and food webs of local ecosystems, observation of decomposition process |
| Project SNOW | Discover Your Forest | | | | ** | ** | Investigation, Models | ESS2.A, ESS2.C | Systems | Snow pit analysis, snow/water equivalency experiment, watershed mapping |

* addresses the performance expectation, but is not the primary focus of the program

** the performance expectation is the primary focus of the program

Outdoor Learning Map for Schools (page 1)

| | Essential Question and NGSS Alignment | Outdoor Education Program (Field Trip) - 1st and 2nd choice | Schoolyard/Classroom Activities |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Kindergarten | | | |
| Unit 1 | | | |
| Unit 2 | | | |
| 1st Grade | | | |
| Unit 1 | | | |
| Unit 2 | | | |
| 2nd Grade | | | |
| Unit 1 | | | |
| Unit 2 | | | |

Outdoor Learning Map for Schools (page 2)

| | Essential Question and NGSS Alignment | Outdoor Education Program (Field Trip) - 1st and 2nd choice | Schoolyard/Classroom Activities |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 3rd Grade | | | |
| Unit 1 | | | |
| Unit 2 | | | |
| 4th Grade | | | |
| Unit 1 | | | |
| Unit 2 | | | |
| 5th Grade | | | |
| Unit 1 | | | |
| Unit 2 | | | |

Outdoor Education Programs - Quick Reference Guide

| Program | Organization | Length (Days) | Location | Cost | Grades | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Outdoor School | Camp Tamarack | 3 | Camp Tamarack | | | | | | | X |
| NatureHoods – “Bear” Necessities | Children’s Forest of Central Oregon | 4 | Schoolyard, nearby park | Free | X | | | | | |
| NatureHoods – Roots and Tails | Children’s Forest of Central Oregon | 4 | Schoolyard, nearby park | Free | X | | | | | |
| NatureHoods – Plants and Pollinators | Children’s Forest of Central Oregon | 4 | Schoolyard, nearby park | Free | | X | | | | |
| Plants and Pollinators | Discover Your Forest | 2 | Public land sites (varies) | Free | | | X | | | |
| Newberry National Volcanic Monument | Discover Your Forest | 1 | Lava Lands | Free | | | | | X | |
| Project SNOW | Discover Your Forest | 1 | Mt. Bachelor | Free | | | | X | X | X |
| H2O Aquatic Insects | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | X | X | X | | | |
| Reptiles and Amphibians | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | X | X | | | | |
| Batty About Bats | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | X | | | | | |
| Wild Weather | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | X | | | | | |
| Nature’s Innovations | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | X | | | | | |
| Erosion! | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | | X | | | | |
| Desert Dwellers | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | | X | X | | | |
| Birds of Prey | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | | | | X | | |
| Rockin Geology | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | | | | | X | |
| Desert Waters | High Desert Museum | 1 | High Desert Museum | Free | | | | | X | |
| Traveling the Oregon Trail | High Desert Museum | 1 | HDM or school | \$165-\$200 | | | | | X | |
| Fired Up! | High Desert Museum | 1 | High Desert Museum | Free | | | | | | X |
| Kokanee Karnival | Kokanee Karnival Program | 4-7 | Multiple locations | Free | | | | | | X |
| Life in Cold Blood | Sunriver Nature Center | 1 | Nature Center or classroom | \$100-\$180 | X | | | X | X | |
| Birds of Prey | Sunriver Nature Center | 1 | Nature Center or classroom | \$100-\$180 | X | | | | | X |
| Life in a Pond | Sunriver Nature Center | 1 | Nature Center or classroom | \$100-\$180 | X | | | X | X | X |
| Plant Detectives Outdoor Day | The Environmental Center | 1 | Skyliner Lodge, Shevlin Park | Free | | | X | | | |
| Habitat Explorers Outdoor Day | The Environmental Center | 1 | Skyliner Lodge, Shevlin Park | Free | | | | X | | |
| Changing Cycles Outdoor Day | The Environmental Center | 1 | Skyliner Lodge, Shevlin Park | Free | | | | | X | |
| Rock and Roll Outdoor Day | The Environmental Center | 1 | Skyliner Lodge, Shevlin Park | Free | | | | | | X |
| Moving through the Chain Outdoor Day | The Environmental Center | 1 | Skyliner Lodge, Shevlin Park | Free | | | | | | X |
| Spring-fed Rivers Stewardship Program | Trout Unlimited | 4 | Fall River, Metolius River | Free | | | | | X | X |
| The Upstream Project | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | 1-4 | Deschutes, Tumalo, Whychus | Free | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Student Stewardship Projects | Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | 1-4 | Deschutes, Tumalo, Whychus | Free | X | | X | X | X | X |

Outdoor Education Programs - Contact Information

| Organization | Contact Information |
|--|--|
| Camp Tamarack | camptamarack.com Charlie Anderson, Director charlie@camptamarack.com (541) 633-9847 |
| Children's Forest of Central Oregon | childrensforestco.org Katie Chipko, Executive Director katie@childrensforestco.org (541) 383-5592 |
| Discover Your Forest | discoveryourforest.org Karen Gentry, Education and Volunteer Programs Director karen.gentry@discovernw.org (541) 383-4771 |
| High Desert Museum | highdesertmuseum.org Erica Pelley, Associate Curator of Education epelley@highdesertmuseum.org (541) 382-4754 ext. 320 |
| Kokanee Karnival Youth Education Program | kokaneekarnival.org director@kokaneekarnival.org |
| Sunriver Nature Center | sunrivernaturecenter.org office@sunrivernaturecenter.org (541) 593-4442 |
| The Environmental Center | envirocenter.org Jackie Wilson, Sustainability Educator jackie@envirocenter.org (541) 385-6908 ext. 15 |
| Trout Unlimited | deschutes.tu.org Darek Staab, Program Manager dstaab@tu.org (541) 480-6976 |
| Upper Deschutes Watershed Council | restorethedeschutes.org Kolleen Miller, Education Director kmiller@restorethedeschutes.org (541) 382-6103 ext. 33 |
| | |

Resources for Field Trips and Outdoor Learning

| Resource | Organization | Details |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| Funding for Transportation or Substitutes | Children's Forest of Central Oregon | School Engagement Fund childrensforestco.org/school-engagement-fund |
| | Oregon Forest Resources Institute | Bus Transportation http://learnforests.org/resource_article/online-reimbursement-form **Forests/Forestry must be the primary focus of the field trip |
| Kits and Field Equipment | Children's Forest of Central Oregon | Resource Co-op childrensforestco.org/resource-coop Birding, Plants, Wildlife, Soil Studies, Aquatic Investigations, Forest Ecology, Insects, Stream tables <i>Free</i> |
| | High Desert Museum | Travelling Trunks https://www.highdesertmuseum.org/traveling-trunks/ Water Cycle, Skulls and Pelts, Oregon Trail, Biomimicry, Water Quality with Vernier Probes <i>\$25 for 2 weeks</i> |
| | Sunriver Nature Center | Travelling Trunks http://www.sunrivernaturecenter.org/index.php/visit-the-nature-center/our-programs/school-programs Birds of Prey, Herpatology, Native Plants, Life in a Pond <i>\$100-\$120 (includes 30 minute presentation)</i> |
| Field Trip Locations | High Desert ESD | Skyliner Lodge http://www.hdesd.org/about/skyliner-lodge/ <i>Free for educational programs</i> |
| | Children's Forest of Central Oregon | Map of sites in Central Oregon http://www.childrensforestco.org/places/ |
| Inclusion Assistance | Bend Park and Recreation District | BPRD can provide Therapeutic Recreation staff to assist with students with special needs. Please provide at least 1 month notice. Email katie@childrensforestco.org . |
| Curriculum | Children's Forest of Central Oregon | childrensforestco.org/curriculum |
| | Oregon Forest Resources Institute | Lesson plans, videos, and publications http://learnforests.org/ |
| Grant/Project Funding | Children's Forest of Central Oregon | NatureHoods projects http://www.childrensforestco.org/naturehoods Up to \$1,000 grants for schools and community groups for habitat improvements, outdoor classroom spaces, or accessibility improvements for schoolyards and parks |

Field Trip Planning Timeline and Tips

4-6 months in advance

- Contact program provider (organization offering the field trip) to schedule dates for your field trips. Some providers may be able to accommodate your trip with less notice, but popular trips often fill-up well in advance
- Contact your transportation department to reserve a bus for your field trip dates and get a cost estimate

2-4 months in advance

- Apply to the [School Engagement Fund](#) if you need funding for transportation or substitutes
- Reserve kits from the [Resource Co-op](#) if you need field equipment

1 month in advance

- Send permission slips home
- Recruit parent chaperone volunteers
- If you are teaching on the field trip, review curriculum with grade level team and determine responsibilities
- Connect with program provider to discuss program adaptations and accommodations for students with special needs

2 weeks in advance

- Confirm reservation with transportation department
- Meet with school nurse to compile a list of medical issues, allergies, and necessary medications for all students attending. If students have severe allergies and epi-pens, find out if the student can self-administer or if you need to do it.
- Make list of student groups (if you are splitting the group) and divide emergency contact/medical information into groups

1 week in advance

- Discuss field trip behavior rules with your students
- Give students a list of required items of the field trip
- Confirm itinerary with parent chaperones
- Make nametags for students

Day before

- Review field trip behavior rules with your students
- Pack items on the teacher packing list (below)

Tips:

- Work collaboratively with other grade levels at your school to provide a sequence of field trips that build upon each other (and don't duplicate each other)
- Communicate with the program provider in advance with any information about goals for the field trip, background knowledge the students have, and information about students with special needs.
- Choose parent chaperones wisely. Field trips require extra eyes and ears. Depending on the site, recruit one chaperone for every 5-10 students. The ideal chaperone is one who is engaged, responsible, and caring. Be sure that chaperones understand that they are there to manage their entire group, not just to spend time with their son or daughter.

